

THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE BULLETIN

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General

CONTROL OF EXPORTS IN NATIONAL DEFENSE

[Released to the press March 4]

The issuance of three proclamations, with accompanying Executive orders, placing additional articles and materials under the export-licensing system, was announced March 4 by the President.

The recommendation submitted by Brig. Gen. Russell L. Maxwell, Administrator of Export Control, stated that it was necessary in the interests of national defense to control the exportation of these items.

The first proclamation, effective March 10, covers:

- (1) Cadmium
- (2) Carbon Black
- (3) Coconut Oil
- (4) Copra
- (5) Cresylic Acid and Cresols
- (6) Fatty Acids produced from vegetable oils under export control
- (7) Glycerin
- (8) Palm-Kernel Oil and Palm Kernels
- (9) Pine Oil
- (10) Petroleum Coke
- (11) Shellac
- (12) Titanium

The second proclamation, effective March 24, covers:

- (1) Jute
- (2) Lead
- (3) Borax
- (4) Phosphates

The third proclamation, effective April 15, includes plans, specifications, or technical information utilized in connection with the pro-

duction or processing of any of the items under control.

The texts of the proclamations and Executive orders follow:

CONTROL OF THE EXPORT OF CERTAIN ARTICLES AND MATERIALS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A Proclamation

WHEREAS section 6 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To expedite the strengthening of the national defense", approved July 2, 1940, provides as follows:

"SEC. 6. Whenever the President determines that it is necessary in the interest of national defense to prohibit or curtail the exportation of any military equipment or munitions, or component parts thereof, or machinery, tools, or material, or supplies necessary for the manufacture, servicing, or operation thereof, he may by proclamation prohibit or curtail such exportation, except under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe. Any such proclamation shall describe the articles or materials included in the prohibition or curtailment contained therein. In case of the violation of any provision of any proclamation, or of any rule or regulation, issued hereunder, such violator or violators, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. The authority granted in this section shall terminate June 30, 1942, unless the Congress shall otherwise provide."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the aforesaid act of Congress, do hereby proclaim that upon the recommendation of the Administrator of Export Control I have determined that it is necessary in the interest of the national defense that on and after March 10, 1941, the following-described articles and materials shall not be exported from the United States except when authorized in each case by a license as provided for in Proclamation No. 2413¹ of July 2, 1940, entitled "Administration of section 6 of the Act entitled 'AN ACT To expedite the strengthening of the national defense' approved July 2, 1940":

- (1) Cadmium
- (2) Carbon Black
- (3) Coconut Oil
- (4) Copra
- (5) Cresylic Acid and Cresols
- (6) Fatty Acids produced from vegetable oils under export control
- (7) Glycerin
- (8) Palm-Kernel Oil and Palm Kernels
- (9) Pine Oil
- (10) Petroleum Coke
- (11) Shellac
- (12) Titanium

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the city of Washington this 4th day of March, in the year of our Lord [SEAL] nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and sixty-fifth.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

By the President:

CORDELL HULL

Secretary of State.

[No. 2463]

¹ 5 F.R. 2467.

CONTROL OF THE EXPORT OF CERTAIN ARTICLES AND MATERIALS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A Proclamation

WHEREAS section 6 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To expedite the strengthening of the national defense", approved July 2, 1940, provides as follows:

"SEC. 6. Whenever the President determines that it is necessary in the interest of national defense to prohibit or curtail the exportation of any military equipment or munitions, or component parts thereof, or machinery, tools, or material, or supplies necessary for the manufacture, servicing, or operation thereof, he may by proclamation prohibit or curtail such exportation, except under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe. Any such proclamation shall describe the articles or materials included in the prohibition or curtailment contained therein. In case of the violation of any provision of any proclamation, or of any rule or regulation, issued hereunder, such violator or violators, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. The authority granted in this section shall terminate June 30, 1942, unless the Congress shall otherwise provide."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the aforesaid act of Congress, do hereby proclaim that upon the recommendation of the Administrator of Export Control I have determined that it is necessary in the interest of the national defense that on and after March 24, 1941, the following-described articles and materials shall not be exported from the United States except when authorized in each case by a license as provided for in Proclamation No. 2413² of July 2, 1940,

² *Ibid.*

entitled "Administration of section 6 of the Act entitled 'AN ACT To expedite the strengthening of the national defense' approved July 2, 1940":

- (1) Jute
- (2) Lead
- (3) Borax
- (4) Phosphates

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the city of Washington this 4th day of March, in the year of our Lord [SEAL] nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-fifth.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

By the President:

CORDELL HULL

Secretary of State.

[No. 2464]

CONTROL OF THE EXPORT OF CERTAIN ARTICLES AND MATERIALS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A Proclamation

WHEREAS section 6 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To expedite the strengthening of the national defense", approved July 2, 1940, provides as follows:

"SEC. 6. Whenever the President determines that it is necessary in the interest of national defense to prohibit or curtail the exportation of any military equipment or munitions, or component parts thereof, or machinery, tools, or material, or supplies necessary for the manufacture, servicing, or operation thereof, he may by proclamation prohibit or curtail such exportation, except under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe. Any such proclamation shall describe the articles or materials included in the prohibition or curtailment con-

tained therein. In case of the violation of any provision of any proclamation, or of any rule or regulation, issued hereunder, such violator or violators, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. The authority granted in this section shall terminate June 30, 1942, unless the Congress shall otherwise provide."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the aforesaid act of Congress, do hereby proclaim that upon the recommendation of the Administrator of Export Control I have determined that it is necessary in the interest of the national defense that on and after April 15, 1941, the following-described articles and materials shall not be exported from the United States except when authorized in each case by a license as hereinafter provided:

Any model, design, photograph, photographic negative, document, or other article or material, containing a plan, specification, or descriptive or technical information of any kind (other than that appearing generally in a form available to the public) which can be used or adapted for use in connection with any process, synthesis, or operation in the production, manufacture, or reconstruction of any of the articles or materials the exportation of which is prohibited or curtailed in accordance with the provisions of section 6 of the act of Congress approved July 2, 1940, or of any basic or intermediary constituent of any such articles or materials.

AND I do hereby empower the Administrator of Export Control to issue licenses authorizing the exportation of any of the above-named articles and materials in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the President.

Proclamation No. 2423,^a of September 12, 1940, is hereby superseded except so far as and to the extent that it relates to (1) equipment (excluding minor component parts) which can

^a5 F.R. 3651.

be used, or adapted to use, for the production of aviation motor fuel (as is defined in the regulations issued pursuant to Proclamation No. 2417,⁴ of July 26, 1940, as may from time to time be amended) from petroleum, petroleum products, hydrocarbon, or hydrocarbon mixtures, by processes involving chemical change; and (2) equipment (excluding minor component parts) which can be used, or adapted to use, for the production of tetraethyl lead (as is defined in the regulations issued pursuant to Proclamation No. 2417, of July 26, 1940, as may from time to time be amended).

Proclamation No. 2451,⁵ of December 20, 1940, is hereby superseded so far as and to the extent that it relates to plans for the production of aviation lubricating oil.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the city of Washington this 4th day of March, in the year of our Lord
[SEAL] nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-fifth.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

By the President:

CORDELL HULL

Secretary of State.

[No. 2465]

EXECUTIVE ORDER

PREScribing REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE EXPORTATION OF ARTICLES AND MATERIALS DESIGNATED IN THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION OF MARCH 4, 1941, ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 6 OF THE ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED JULY 2, 1940, AND AMENDING REGULATIONS OF JANUARY 15, 1941, COVERING THE EXPORTATION OF CERTAIN ARTICLES AND MATERIALS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 6 of the act of Congress

approved July 2, 1940, entitled "AN ACT To expedite the strengthening of the national defense", I hereby prescribe the following additional regulations governing the exportation of the articles and materials named in my proclamation of March 4, 1941:

1. The articles and materials named in the said proclamation shall be construed to include the following:

	B	F
(1) Cadmium		
Ores and concentrates	6245*	6640*
Metal	6249*	6640*
Alloys	6249*	6640*
Cadmium Salts and Compounds:		
Cadmium chloride	8399. 9*	8399*
Cadmium oxide	8399. 9*	8399*
Cadmium sulfate	8399. 9*	8399*
Cadmium plating salts	8399. 9*	8399*
Cadmium sulfide	8429*	8442*
Cadmium lithopone	8429*	8442*
(2) Carbon Black:		
Carbon black, including gas black	8423*	8442*
(3) Coconut Oil:		
Edible	1420	1449*
Inedible	2230	2230
(4) Copra	2220*	2211
(5) Cresylic Acid and Cresols	8024*	8069*
(6) Fatty Acids produced from vegetable oils under export control	2248*	2662*
(7) Glycerin	8314	8399*
(8) Palm-Kernel Oil and Palm Kernels:		
Palm-Kernel Oil:		
Edible	1449*	1449*
Inedible	2249*	2243*
Palm Kernels	2220*	2220*
(9) Pine Oil	2117	2189*
(10) Petroleum Coke	5048	5048*
(11) Shellac:		
Lac, crude, seed, button, and stick	2189*	2108
Unbleached shellac	2189*	2108
Bleached shellac	2185	2108
(12) Titanium:		
Ores and concentrates:		
Ilmenite	6245*	6640*
Rutile	6245*	6640*
Metal	6249*	6640*
Alloys	6249*	6640*
Titanium Salts and Compounds:		
Titanium dioxide	8428	8442*
Titanium tetrachloride	8399. 9*	8399*

2. The numbers appearing in the columns designated B and F in paragraph 1 hereof

⁴ 5 F.R. 2677, 2682.

⁵ 5 F.R. 5229.

refer to the numbers in Schedule B "Statistical Classification of Domestic Commodities Exported from the United States", and Schedule F "Foreign Exports (Re-Exports)", respectively, issued by the United States Department of Commerce, both effective January 1, 1941. The words are controlling and the numbers are included solely for the purpose of statistical classification. An asterisk (*) indicates that the classification herein is not co-extensive with that in said Schedules B and F.

3. Regulations 2 to 12 inclusive⁵ of the regulations issued July 2, 1940, pursuant to section 6 of the act of July 2, 1940, are applicable to the exportation of the articles and materials listed in paragraph 1 (1)-(12).

4. Executive Order No. 8640⁷ is hereby amended to include within its provisions the articles and materials named in my proclamation of March 4, 1941.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
March 4, 1941.

[No. 8702]

EXECUTIVE ORDER

PRESCRIBING REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE EXPORTATION OF ARTICLES AND MATERIALS DESIGNATED IN THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION OF MARCH 4, 1941, ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 6 OF THE ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED JULY 2, 1940, AND AMENDING REGULATIONS OF JANUARY 15, 1941, COVERING THE EXPORTATION OF CERTAIN ARTICLES AND MATERIALS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 6 of the act of Congress approved July 2, 1940, entitled "AN ACT To expedite the strengthening of the national defense", I hereby prescribe the following additional regulations governing the exportation of the articles and materials named in my proclamation of March 4, 1941:

⁵ 5 F.R. 2469.

⁷ 6 F.R. 455.

1. The articles and materials named in the said proclamation shall be construed to include the following:

	B	F
(1) Jute:		
Fiber	3499*	3409*
Burlaps, except when used as a covering for other merchandise or as a component part of other products	3229*	3220
Bags, except when used as a container for other merchandise	3224	3224
(2) Lead:		
Ore and matte	6640*	6640*
Pigs and bars	6507	6515*
Sheets and pipes	6508	6515*
Solder	6512	6515*
(3) Borax:		
Boric acid	8308	8309*
Borates, crude and refined	8362	8379*
(4) Phosphates:		
Phosphoric acid	8309*	8309.9*
Phosphorus (elemental)	8399.9*	8399*
Phosphate rock containing 20% or more phosphorus pentoxide (P ₂ O ₅) equivalent	8513* (8514*)	8551*
Superphosphate containing 40% or more phosphorus pentoxide (P ₂ O ₅) equivalent	8519*	8551*

2. The numbers appearing in the columns designated B and F in paragraph 1 hereof refer to the numbers in Schedule B "Statistical Classification of Domestic Commodities Exported from the United States", and Schedule F "Foreign Exports (Re-Exports)", respectively, issued by the United States Department of Commerce, both effective January 1, 1941. The words are controlling and the numbers are included solely for the purpose of statistical classification. An asterisk (*) indicates that the classification herein is not co-extensive with that in said Schedules B and F.

3. Regulations 2 to 12 inclusive⁵ of the regulations issued July 2, 1940, pursuant to section 6 of the act of July 2, 1940, are applicable to the

⁵ 5 F.R. 2469.

exportation of the articles and materials listed in paragraph 1 (1)-(4).

4. Executive Order No. 8640^{*} is hereby amended to include within its provisions the articles and materials named in my proclamation of March 4, 1941.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
March 4, 1941.

[No. 8703]

The following circular telegrams from the Secretary of State were recently sent to collectors of customs:

"MARCH 3, 1941.

"As used in paragraph twelve of the export control regulations of July 2, 1940, the term 'in transit' is interpreted as denoting a shipment which originates in a foreign country and passes through territory of the United States to another foreign country, the consignee and destination in the latter foreign country having been named in the through bill of lading executed in the country of origin. Exports of shipments thus 'in transit' require no license. Articles and materials within the purview of the regulations which are now in, or may hereafter be brought into, bonded warehouses, manufacturing plants and smelters are subject to the export license requirements."

"MARCH 8, 1941.

"In accordance with the provisions of the Executive Order of January 15, 1941, the Secretary of State has today issued the following general licenses for the export to Canada and Great Britain of articles and materials named in proclamations and regulations issued pursuant to section 6 of the Export Control Act of July 2, 1940:

^{*} 6 F.R. 455.

"To Canada License No. GBQ 1 for beryllium

No. GBR 1 for graphite electrodes

No. GCM 1 for cadmium

No. GCO 1 for carbon black

No. GCP 1 for petroleum coke

No. GCT 1 for jute

No. GCU 1 for lead

No. GCW 1 for borax

No. GCX 1 for phosphates

No. GEP 1 for pine oil

No. GCS 1 for glycerine

No. GCR 1 for cresylic acid and cresols

"To Great Britain License No. GCM 2 for cadmium

No. GCO 2 for carbon black

No. GCP 2 for petroleum coke

No. GCT 2 for jute

No. GCU 2 for lead

No. GCW 2 for borax

No. GCX 2 for phosphates

No. GEP 2 for pine oil

No. GCS 2 for glycerine

No. GCR 2 for cresylic acid and cresols."

Europe

CLOSING OF TWO ITALIAN CONSULATES IN THE UNITED STATES

[Released to the press March 6]

For reasons of national policy it has been decided that foreign consulates in certain areas should be closed. At the present time the Italian Government has been requested to close its consulates at Detroit, Mich., and Newark, N. J., and to withdraw the personnel.

[Released to the press March 6]

On March 5, 1941, the Secretary of State sent the following note to His Excellency the Royal Italian Ambassador, Don Ascanio dei principi Colonna:

"The Secretary of State presents his compliments to His Excellency the Royal Italian Ambassador and has the honor to refer to his oral communication of February 12, 1941, with respect to the Italian Government's request that the Consulates now established at Palermo and Naples should be moved to a place as far north as Rome or farther north, and to a place which was not on the sea coast.

"Instructions to these offices of the American Government have been issued in accordance with this request and the supervisory consulate general of the United States in Italy is being established in Rome.

"The Secretary of State avails himself of this opportunity to make request of the Italian Ambassador that all officials of his Government within the territory of the United States will confine their movements to those areas in which they exercise the recognized duties of their respective offices. This request does not include the personnel of the Italian Embassy in Washington whose names appear on the Diplomatic List. It would be appreciated, however, if the Italian Ambassador would keep the Department of State currently informed of the movements outside of Washington of

the military and naval personnel attached to the Italian Embassy.

"As regards the Italian consular offices at Newark, New Jersey, and Detroit, Michigan, the Italian Ambassador is informed that the American Ambassador in Rome has been requested to convey orally to the appropriate Italian authorities the desire of the United States Government that these offices should be closed and that the Italian personnel be withdrawn from these places. Should they remain within the jurisdiction of the United States the Department of State should be kept fully informed of their place of residence."

PRESENTATION OF LETTERS OF CREDENCE BY THE POLISH AMBASSADOR

[Released to the press March 6]

The remarks of the newly appointed Ambassador of Poland, Mr. Jan Ciechanowski, upon the occasion of the presentation of his letters of credence, March 6, 1941, follow:

"MR. PRESIDENT:

"I have the honor to hand to Your Excellency the letters by which the President of the Republic of Poland recalls Count George Potocki from his post of Ambassador of the Republic of Poland to the United States.

"The President of the Republic of Poland desires me to express to Your Excellency his sincere thanks for the kindness, the understanding, and the support which Your Excellency and the Government of the United States have given to Ambassador Potocki throughout his mission in Washington.

"The President of the Republic has instructed me to assure Your Excellency that he is following with concentrated attention and admiration your splendid activity for the preservation of freedom and civilization on which the whole future and happiness of humanity depend.

"I have now the honor to present to Your Excellency the letters by which the President of the Republic of Poland accredits me to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Poland to the United States.

"I beg leave to assure you, Mr. President, that I am deeply conscious of the honor of representing Poland in the United States at this exceptionally grave time, when the fate of my country and, indeed, that of human freedom and civilization are at stake. I am especially conscious of the responsibility placed upon me.

"For nearly a year and a half Poland is suffering inhuman oppression at the hands of two ruthless invaders.

"These two powerful neighbors of Poland have unprovokedly attacked and overrun her national territory in a concerted action of aggressive imperialism, with a view of repeating the crime of Poland's partitions of the end of the eighteenth century, and of renewing their previous unsuccessful attempt at total annihilation of the Polish Nation.

"The Polish people, irrespective of party and creed, united in the sacred cause of Poland's independence, have never for one moment departed from their attitude of calm national dignity and determined opposition to political and physical pressure ruthlessly applied by the invaders with unprecedented cunning and brutality in order to break their spirit of resistance.

"The Polish armed forces continue to be active. The Polish Army fought gallantly against overwhelming forces in Poland. After being overpowered, those of our soldiers who were able to thwart the vigilance of the enemy, surmounted countless dangers and hardships, and succeeded by heroic migration in single file in crossing the greater part of the European Continent, in order to join the Polish Government and to re-form the Allied National Polish Army on the friendly soil of France. After fighting bravely against the common enemy in Norway and on French territory, they refused to capitulate and migrated once more from that unfortunate allied country

at the time of its surrender, in order to reform their decimated forces on the friendly and hospitable soil of our British ally, there to carry on the fight against our enemy on land, on sea, and in the air.

"The record of this Polish Army, of our Navy, and our Air Force is worthy of the heroic ages of history. It is, above all, the tangible proof of that undaunted spirit of patriotism and national consciousness which has always been and which, I firmly believe, will never cease to be one of Poland's recognized traditions.

"The entire Polish Nation loyally supports its President and its Government, and is determined to carry on this mortal struggle in defense of freedom and democracy to a victorious end.

"These are, Mr. President, for the time being, the principal assets of the Poland of today, which I can spread before you, but which, I venture to believe, in the pure primitive splendor of what they represent in terms of human endurance and sacrifice, of patriotism, of national consciousness and dignity, of faith and vitality, constitute intrinsic values bearing the indelible hallmarks of Poland's immortality.

"If at this time of our history, unworthy though I feel, I have accepted to undertake the great mission entrusted to me, it is because I have had once before the privilege of representing my country in the United States, of interpreting its deep traditional friendship for the American people, of explaining its policies to the Government of this great democracy.

"In the course of my previous mission, I gained a fervent faith in the unfaltering spirit of justice and respect for the freedom of others, which characterizes the American people, whose President and Government so greatly contributed to the restoration of Poland's independence after the World War.

"I feel sure that this great and responsive Nation will not fail Poland in this hour of her struggle for her right to live in peace, in dignity, and democratic freedom, and that once

more it will assist in her liberation from ruthless Germanic and Soviet tyranny.

"To the Polish Nation, you are, Mr. President, the generally recognized personification of active and creative democratic statesmanship.

"To us Poles the necessity of your personal influence on the establishment of the new order in the world after the war, has become a dogma of faith in the future stability of peace and, indeed, the very survival of civilization.

"I venture to express the hope that Your Excellency will not refuse to grant me the invaluable support of your confidence which, on my part, I shall ever do my very utmost to deserve."

The President's reply to the remarks of Mr. Jan Ciechanowski follows:

"MR. AMBASSADOR:

"In receiving the letters of recall of your predecessor, Count George Potocki, and the letters accrediting you as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Poland to the United States, I wish to welcome you back to Washington. I have noted the expression of thanks of the President of Poland for the understanding and support shown your distinguished predecessor and wish to assure you of the same measure of support and cooperation.

"The friendly mention made by the Presi-

dent of Poland of our efforts in behalf of the preservation of freedom is appreciated. It is with sympathetic interest that the valiant efforts which are being made by the Government of Poland toward this same end are being followed. The loyal support given these efforts by the Polish people is, I am sure, a matter of deep satisfaction to the President and Government of Poland.

"That spirit of justice and respect for freedom of the people of the United States, which you observed on your previous mission to this country, I can assure you, still lives and can be relied upon by you in your efforts to fulfil your present mission."

PROPERTY OF BULGARIA IN THE UNITED STATES

On March 4, 1941, the President signed Executive Order No. 8701, extending all the provisions of Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, as amended, to "property in which Bulgaria or any national thereof has at any time on or since March 4, 1941, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect . . ." The text of Executive Order No. 8701 appears in the *Federal Register* of March 5, 1941 (vol. 6, no. 44), page 1285, and the regulations of the Treasury Department, issued March 4, 1941, under authority of this order, appear in the same issue of the *Federal Register*, page 1291.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES

[Released to the press March 4]

The following tabulation shows contributions collected and disbursed during the period September 6, 1939 through January 31, 1941, as shown in the reports submitted by persons and organizations registered with the Secretary of State for the solicitation and collection of contributions to be used for relief in belligerent countries, in conformity with the regulations issued pursuant to section 8 of the act of November 4, 1939 as made effective by the President's proclamation of the same date.

This tabulation has reference only to contributions solicited and collected for relief in belligerent countries (France; Germany; Poland; the United Kingdom, India, Australia, Canada, New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa; Norway; Belgium; Luxemburg; the Netherlands; Italy; and Greece) or for the relief of refugees driven out of these countries by the present war. The statistics set forth in the tabulation do not include information regarding relief activities which a number of organizations registered with the Secretary of State

may be carrying on in nonbelligerent countries, but for which registration is not required under the Neutrality Act of 1939.

The American National Red Cross is required by law to submit to the Secretary of War for audit "a full, complete, and itemized report of receipts and expenditures of whatever kind".

In order to avoid an unnecessary duplication of work, this organization is not required to conform to the provisions of the regulations governing the solicitation and collection of contributions for relief in belligerent countries, and the tabulation does not, therefore, include information in regard to its activities.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
Acción Demócrata Española, San Francisco, Calif., Mar. 29, 1940.* France	\$312.19	\$125.00	\$130.18	None	None	\$57.01
The Allied Civilian War Relief Society, Inc., New York, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1940. Great Britain	212.68	91.70	120.98	\$36.50	None	None
Allied Relief Ball, Inc., New York, N. Y., Apr. 4, 1940. Great Britain and France	52,696.35	39,964.39	None	None	None	12,731.96
American Aid for German War Prisoners, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1940. Canada, British West Indies, Australia, New Zealand, and Great Britain	4,810.92	3,306.91	1,069.64	884.00	\$136.00	434.37
American Association for Assistance to French Artists, Inc., New York, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1940. France	14,501.44	9,216.03	1,773.27	1,605.15	None	3,512.14
American Association of University Women, Washington, D. C., May 23, 1940. France, Great Britain, Sweden, Palestine, Canada, and Switzerland	18,186.83	11,327.50	6,219.87	None	None	639.46
American Auxiliary Committee de l'Union des Femmes de France, New York, N. Y., Nov. 8, 1939. France, Great Britain, and Germany	22,901.28	12,493.25	6,509.08	5,453.96	765.64	3,898.95
American Board of Missions to the Jews, Inc., Brooklyn, N. Y., July 5, 1940. France, Belgium, and Germany	6,812.09	6,704.60	None	None	None	107.49
American Cameronian Aid, Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1941. Scotland	17.10	None	16.04	None	None	1.06
American Committee for Christian Refugees, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 26, 1939. Germany and France	12,001.86	12,001.86	None	None	None	None
American Committee for the German Relief Fund, Inc., New York, N. Y., Mar. 27, 1940. Germany, Poland, Canada, Dutch Guiana, British West Indies, and Jamaica	59,000.44	45,300.00	1,712.71	None	None	11,987.73
American Committee for the Polish Ambulance Fund, Chicago, Ill., Feb. 12, 1940. France, Poland, and England	31,889.53	26,243.20	3,316.09	471.00	None	2,330.24
The American Committee for the Relief of Greece, Inc., New York, N. Y., Jan. 2, 1941. Greece	None	None	None	None	None	None
American Committee to Save Refugees, New York, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1941. France	2,018.23	900.59	1,300.63	None	None	708.01
American Committee for the Syrian Orphanage in Jerusalem, Woodside, Long Island, N. Y., Dec. 3, 1940. Palestine, Germany, and British East Africa	None	None	None	None	None	None
American Dental Ambulance Committee, New York, N. Y., Mar. 12, 1940. United Kingdom	3,269.52	3,133.02	35.00	None	None	101.50
American Employment for General Relief, Inc., New York, N. Y., May 1, 1940. England, France, Norway, Poland, Belgium, Luxemburg, and the Netherlands	3,319.00	None	None	None	None	3,362.24
American Federation for Polish Jews, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1939. Poland	6,244.30	5,020.76	847.41	7,651.43	None	376.14
American Field Hospital Corps, New York, N. Y., Dec. 12, 1939. France, Belgium, Holland, and England	235,927.58	185,928.42	22,002.09	2,664.20	None	28,997.07

* The registration of this organization was revoked on Dec. 31, 1940, at the request of registrant.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
American Field Service, New York, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1939. France, Great Britain, British East Africa, Greece, and French African Colonies.....	\$355,560.01	\$299,927.83	\$37,633.20	None	None	\$17,998.99
American and French Students' Correspondence Exchange, New York, N. Y., Dec. 20, 1939. France and England.....	8,959.23	4,433.90	2,667.18	None	None	1,858.15
American-French War Relief, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1939. France and Great Britain.....	52,792.57	33,940.31	8,604.10	\$55,560.85	\$1,611.50	10,248.16
American Friends of Britain, Inc., New York, N. Y., Aug. 30, 1940. Great Britain.....	8,497.68	4,450.00	811.63	None	None	3,236.05
American Friends of Czechoslovakia, New York, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1939. Great Britain, France, and Bohemia-Moravia.....	32,144.58	26,286.42	14.38	19,340.00	None	5,843.78
American Friends of the Daily Sketch War Relief Fund, New York, N. Y., Dec. 1, 1939. Great Britain.....	3,914.94	2,357.00	1,526.44	None	None	31.50
American Friends of France, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 21, 1939. France, Germany, and England.....	338,815.14	190,160.49	113,796.68	19,904.96	None	34,857.97
American Friends of a Jewish Palestine, Inc., New York, N. Y., May 9, 1940. Palestine, Germany, Poland, France, and the United Kingdom.....	4,782.84	1,927.02	None	None	None	2,855.82
American Friends Service Committee, Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 9, 1939. United Kingdom, Poland, Germany, France, Norway, Belgium, the Netherlands, Italy, and Portugal.....	136,832.35	125,757.89	301.07	14,812.17	None	10,773.39
The American Fund for Breton Relief, New York, N. Y., Oct. 31, 1939. France and England.....	5,268.05	3,786.50	1,111.46	4,911.50	None	368.09
American Fund for French Wounded, Inc., Boston, Mass., Jan. 3, 1940. England and France.....	19,420.45	14,399.72	4,164.54	15,871.59	728.00	859.19
American-German Aid Society, Los Angeles, Calif., Nov. 15, 1939. Germany and Canada.....	5,305.80	3,425.00	596.78	None	None	1,284.02
The American Hospital in Britain, Limited, New York, N. Y., July 24, 1940. Great Britain.....	5,600.00	None	5,600.00	None	None	None
The American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 29, 1939. United Kingdom, Poland, Germany, France, Norway, Belgium, Luxemburg, and the Netherlands.....	3,085,872.81	2,794,804.77	None	51.00	None	291,068.04
American McAll Association, New York, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1940. England.....	2,607.62	2,115.77	491.85	2,800.00	200.00	None
American-Polish National Council, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 14, 1940. Poland.....	4,794.66	2,932.40	1,487.98	None	None	374.28
The American School Committee for Aid to Greece, Inc., Princeton, N. J., Dec. 16, 1940. Greece.....	20,645.33	19,548.47	509.27	None	None	587.59
American War Godmothers, Pittsburgh, Pa., Mar. 6, 1940. France.....	1,080.22	180.07	630.57	None	2.45	269.58
American Women's Hospitals, New York, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1939. France, England, and Greece.....	6,066.84	5,792.72	171.50	50.00	None	102.62
American Women's Unit for War Relief, Inc., New York, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1940. France.....	4,162.31	1,423.70	2,074.28	1,184.10	207.40	664.33
American Women's Voluntary Services, Inc., New York, N. Y., Feb. 13, 1940. England.....	25,438.82	14,514.75	2,284.21	28,946.51	None	8,639.86
Les Amis de la France à Puerto Rico, San Juan, P. R., Dec. 20, 1939. ^b France and England.....	10,920.68	6,500.00	4,095.75	650.00	107.77	\$24.93
Les Amitiés Féminines de la France, New York, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1939. France and England.....	1,494.19	732.56	363.74	480.32	None	397.89
Les Anciens Combattants Français de la Grande Guerre, San Francisco, Calif., Oct. 26, 1939. France.....	24,490.50	18,637.66	4,893.40	3,170.31	250.00	1,069.44
Anthracite Relief Committee, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Sept. 8, 1939. Poland.....	10,827.14	7,000.00	3,538.69	None	None	288.45
Ausac War Relief Fund, New York, N. Y., May 23, 1940. Australia and New Zealand.....	13,571.47	8,206.53	3,431.35	None	None	1,933.59
Associated Polish Societies Relief Committee of Webster, Mass., Webster, Mass., Sept. 21, 1939. Poland.....	2,849.95	2,600.00	242.45	None	None	7.50

^b The registration of this organization was revoked on Dec. 31, 1940, at the request of registrant.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
Associated Polish Societies' Relief Committee of Worcester, Mass., Worcester, Mass., Sept. 14, 1939. Poland...	\$10,679.97	\$9,206.45	\$960.42	\$1,430.00	None	\$453.10
Association of Former Juniors in France of Smith College, New York, N. Y., Dec. 18, 1939. France.....	273.50	225.00	48.50	None	None	None
Association of Former Russian Naval Officers in America, New York, N. Y., Feb. 21, 1940. France.....	279.41	254.30	8.14	None	None	16.97
Association of Joint Polish-American Societies of Chelsea, Mass., Chelsea, Mass., Sept. 15, 1939. Poland...	2,363.45	1,156.10	1,077.69	725.00	None	129.66
L'Atelier, San Francisco, Calif., Jan. 29, 1940. France...	14,726.54	10,143.98	3,769.90	1,565.88	\$847.00	812.66
Mrs. Mark Baldwin, New York, N. Y., Mar. 4, 1940. France.....	1,299.89	1,192.00	10.73	30.00	None	97.16
Basque Delegation in the United States of America, New York, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1939. France.....	2,213.13	975.00	1,030.77	None	None	207.36
Belgian Relief Fund, Inc., New York, N. Y., June 14, 1940.* Belgium, France, and England.....	33,531.92	9,339.36	12,003.92	18,368.00	176.00	12,188.64
Belgian Relief of Southern California, Los Angeles, Calif., May 27, 1940. Belgium, France, and Great Britain...	5,923.56	3,757.33	166.82	33,182.50	None	1,990.41
Belgian War Relief Fund, Manila, P. I., June 7, 1940. Belgium.....	2,091.05	2,045.00	43.55	250.00	None	2.50
The Benedict Bureau Unit, Inc., New York, N. Y., Nov. 29, 1939. France.....	5,481.17	4,426.74	46.00	None	None	1,008.43
Bethel Mission of Eastern Europe, Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 27, 1939. Poland.....	14,040.49	9,965.40	146.71	None	None	3,928.38
Bishops' Committee for Polish Relief, Washington, D. C., Dec. 19, 1939. Poland, England, France, Switzerland, Hungary, Rumania, Italy, and Portugal.....	397,069.84	266,324.31	130,682.80	None	None	62.73
Board of National Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, New York, N. Y., Sept. 26, 1939. Great Britain, France, and Germany.....	6,775.68	5,306.30	727.38	None	None	742.00
British-American Ambulance Corps, Inc., New York, N. Y., June 11, 1940. Greece, England, and France...	930,961.92	363,333.44	455,484.37	None	None	112,144.11
British-American Comfort League, Quincy, Mass., Feb. 21, 1940. England.....	2,693.58	1,392.70	1,011.86	None	None	280.02
British-American War Relief Association, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 17, 1939. United Kingdom and allied countries.....	57,922.31	50,294.49	4,571.66	8,021.00	904.65	3,056.16
British Sailors' Book and Relief Society, New York, N. Y., May 2, 1940. Bermuda, Canada, and the British West Indies.....	3,343.07	125.00	56.00	13,127.50	567.00	3,162.07
British War Relief Association of Northern California, San Francisco, Calif., Oct. 20, 1939. Great Britain and France.....	145,242.20	108,165.48	32,400.33	66,951.14	None	4,676.39
The British War Relief Association of the Philippines, Manila, P. I., Apr. 11, 1940.* All belligerent countries.....	99,111.83	91,327.47	3,209.58	454.18	56.69	4,574.78
The British War Relief Association of Southern California, Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 8, 1939. Great Britain and Greece.....	346,403.86	288,708.23	20,620.47	111,008.34	90.50	37,075.16
British War Relief Fund, Dayton, Ohio, Sept. 12, 1940. Great Britain.....	346.70	337.50	None	None	None	9.20
The British War Relief Society, Inc., New York, N. Y., Dec. 4, 1939. United Kingdom, Canada, France, Belgium, the Netherlands, Norway, Kenya, and Newfoundland.....	4,884,200.06	2,751,785.30	1,778,686.11	685,241.40	None	353,827.65
Bundles for Britain, New York, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1939. Great Britain and Dominions.....	830,776.14	320,166.89	327,390.90	695,312.85	127,847.00	183,218.35
Caledonian Club of Idaho, Boise, Idaho, Jan. 25, 1940. Scotland.....	964.87	800.30	None	None	None	164.57
California Denmark Fund, San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 20, 1940. Denmark.....	630.16	None	593.63	None	None	36.53

* No report for the month of January has been received from this organization.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
Canadian Women's Club of New York City, Inc., New York, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1940. Great Britain, Canada, and Newfoundland.....	\$3,658.55	\$1,104.72	\$2,172.32	\$741.62	\$54.95	\$381.51
Catholic Medical Mission Board, Inc., New York, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1940. India, Australia, Canada, New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa.....	1,074.25	None	1,074.25	3,820.00	700.00	None
The Catholic Student War Relief of Pax Romana, Washington, D. C., Dec. 13, 1939. Poland, France, Germany, and Great Britain.....	1,770.76	1,574.63	6.22	None	None	189.91
Central Bureau for the Relief of the Evangelical Churches of Europe, New York, N. Y., May 14, 1940. All belligerent countries.....	33,043.03	17,129.75	10,416.14	None	None	5,497.14
Central Committee Knesseth Israel, New York, N. Y., Oct. 27, 1939. Palestine.....	41,420.72	27,075.01	None	None	None	14,345.71
Central Committee for Polish Relief, Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 29, 1940. Poland.....	859.66	500.00	132.89	None	None	226.77
Central Council of Polish Organizations, New Castle, Pa., Nov. 7, 1939. France, Poland, and England.....	3,059.69	1,995.80	1,018.45	None	None	45.44
Cercle Français de Seattle, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 2, 1939. France and Great Britain.....	5,515.32	2,684.92	1,351.39	2,775.00	None	1,479.01
Comité Pro Francia Libre, Miramar, Santurce, P. R., Dec. 19, 1940. England and France.....	653.25	None	619.48	None	None	33.77
Commission for Polish Relief, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 12, 1939.* Poland and England.....	585,739.46	516,328.31	11,646.14	1,500.00	None	57,765.01
The Commission for Relief in Belgium, Inc., New York, N. Y., May 21, 1940. Belgium, Luxemburg, France, and England.....	13,700.92	9,165.00	1,832.76	None	None	2,773.16
Committee of French-American Wives, New York, N. Y., Nov. 15, 1939. France and Great Britain.....	25,570.75	19,463.91	2,814.56	5,213.59	407.75	3,292.28
Committee of Mercy, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1939. France, Great Britain, Norway, Belgium, the Netherlands, and their allies.....	67,107.59	43,997.64	14,500.59	3,965.00	None	8,600.36
Committee for Relief in Allied Countries, Washington, D. C., Feb. 2, 1940. France, Great Britain, Poland, Norway, Belgium, Luxemburg, and the Netherlands.....	4,523.03	2,500.00	217.43	None	None	1,805.60
Committee for the Relief for Poland, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 24, 1939. Poland.....	2,441.83	2,162.72	23.40	None	None	255.71
Committee Representing Polish Organizations and Polish People in Perry, N. Y., Perry, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1939. Poland.....	197.00	197.00	None	None	None	None
Czechoslovak Relief, Chicago, Ill., July 25, 1940.* Czechoslovakia, Great Britain and Dominions, France, and Belgium.....	30,618.71	7,402.90	22,958.69	34,300.00	None	257.12
District of Columbia Federation of Women's Clubs, Washington, D.C., Aug. 14, 1940. Great Britain.....	2,120.30	1,740.19	None	None	None	371.11
Dodecanesian League of America, Inc., New York, N. Y., Dec. 16, 1940. Greece.....	11,297.60	10,500.00	339.58	None	None	458.02
The Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 13, 1939. Great Britain, France, Norway, Belgium, Luxemburg, the Netherlands, and Greece.....	83,140.94	58,424.76	10,713.49	11,783.93	None	14,002.69
Emergency Relief Committee for Kolbuszowa, New York, N. Y., Mar. 13, 1940. Poland.....	6,730.77	None	3,750.97	None	None	2,979.80
Emergency Rescue Committee, New York, N. Y., Aug. 3, 1940. France, United Kingdom, Belgium, Norway, and the Netherlands.....	8,014.15	6,960.70	None	None	None	1,053.45

* This registrant serves primarily as a clearinghouse for the distribution abroad of contributions received from other registrants; these receipts and disbursements are not included in the figures here given, since they are shown elsewhere in this tabulation following the names of the original collecting registrants.

* No complete report for the month of January has been received from this organization.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
English-Speaking Union of the United States, New York, N. Y., Dec. 26, 1939. Great Britain, Canada, and France.....	\$124,649.21	\$106,754.81	\$12,232.33	\$129,304.21	\$420.00	\$5,662.07
Erste Pinchover Kranken Unterstutzungs Verein, Inc., Brooklyn, N. Y., Apr. 22, 1940. ¹ Poland.....	275.00	None	275.00	None	None	None
Ethiopian World Federation, Inc., New York, N. Y., Dec. 21, 1940. ² Ethiopia, Kenya, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Palestine, and Great Britain.....						
The Fall River British War Relief Society, Fall River, Mass., Sept. 26, 1940. Great Britain.....	3,126.90	2,502.29	353.95	None	None	270.66
Federated Council of Polish Societies of Grand Rapids, Mich., Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 15, 1939. Poland.....	8,785.47	7,612.93	283.35	3,200.00	100.00	889.19
Federation of Franco-Belgian Clubs of Rhode Island, Woonsocket, R. I., Nov. 15, 1939. France and England.....	6,023.31	3,123.11	2,481.28	1,224.93	66.93	418.92
Federation of French Veterans of the Great War, Inc., New York, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1939. France, Germany, and Martinique.....	10,366.30	8,341.09	1,476.90	1,264.70	None	548.31
Federation of the Italian World War Veterans in the U. S. A., Inc., New York, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1940. Italy.....	6,663.40	None	6,663.40	None	None	None
Fellowship of Reconciliation, New York, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1940. France, England, and possibly Germany.....	590.21	531.21	59.00	None	None	None
Fortra, Incorporated, New York, N. Y., Mar. 7, 1940. Germany and Poland.....	862,560.14	684,111.69	66,074.76	None	None	112,373.69
Foster Parents' Plan for War Children, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 21, 1939. France and England.....	138,135.27	82,558.63	24,451.01	None	None	31,125.63
Franco-American Federation, Salem, Mass., July 9, 1940. France.....	636.30	300.00	336.30	None	None	None
French Colonies War Relief Committee, New York, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1940. France.....	366.98	None	142.71	None	None	224.27
French Committee for Relief in France, Detroit, Mich., Oct. 17, 1939. France and Great Britain.....	3,851.99	2,473.96	1,017.55	31,110.23	537.41	360.48
French Relief Association, Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 3, 1940. France.....	1,129.76	452.76	451.09	2,146.17	71.83	225.91
French War Relief, Inc., Los Angeles, Calif., Nov. 16, 1939. France.....	40,911.11	23,795.54	8,334.52	257.89	83.20	6,781.05
French War Relief Fund of Nevada, Reno, Nev., June 21, 1940. France.....	None	None	None	None	None	None
French War Relief Fund of the Philippines, Manila, P. I., May 1, 1940. ³ France.....	5,558.46	500.00	5,048.46	None	None	10.00
French War Veterans, Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 5, 1939. France.....	822.81	407.75	243.40	None	None	171.66
Friends of Children, Inc., New York, N. Y., June 13, 1940. ⁴ Great Britain, France, Belgium, and the Netherlands.....	16,551.71	4,301.31	6,433.77	26,526.88	172.25	5,816.63
The Friends of Israel Refugee Relief Committee, Inc., Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 23, 1939. Canada, France, and England.....	17,516.15	5,403.31	5,276.73	None	None	6,836.11
The Friends of Normandy, New York, N. Y. Dec. 18, 1939. ⁴ France.....	2,455.50	2,288.50	None	None	None	167.00
Friends of Poland, Chicago, Ill., Dec. 6, 1939. Poland.....	1,421.95	680.00	648.66	None	None	93.29
Fund for the Relief of Men of Letters and Scientists of Russia, New York, N. Y., Apr. 29, 1940. France, Czechoslovakia, and Poland.....	1,627.99	192.70	806.05	None	None	629.24

¹ The registration of this organization was revoked on Nov. 30, 1940, at the request of registrant.

² No complete report has been received from this organization.

³ No reports for the months of December and January have been received from this organization.

⁴ The registration of this organization was revoked on Jan. 31, 1941, at the request of registrant.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
General Gustav Orlics Dreszer Foundation for Aid to Polish Children, Washington, D. C., Nov. 3, 1939. ¹ Poland.....	\$775.65	\$434.36	None	None	None	\$341.29
German-American Relief Committee for Victims of Fascism, New York, N. Y., Apr. 18, 1940. Great Britain and France.....	3,371.39	1,485.67	\$717.39	\$204.25	None	1,168.33
Mrs. George Gilliland, New York, N. Y., Aug. 10, 1940. Northern Ireland.....	196.25	194.25	2.00	None	None	None
Golden Rule Foundation, New York, N. Y. Nov. 2, 1939. Poland and Palestine.....	822.00	822.00	None	None	None	None
Grand Duke Vladimir Benevolent Fund Association, New York, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1940. France.....	555.38	370.79	151.89	None	None	32.70
Grand Lodge, Daughters of Scotia, Hartford, Conn., Feb. 16, 1940. Scotland.....	16,204.99	15,034.70	1,170.29	None	None	None
Great Lakes Command, Canadian Legion of the British Empire Service League, Detroit, Mich., July 5, 1940. Great Britain and Canada.....	4,471.57	3,428.28	922.68	None	None	120.61
Greater New Bedford British War Relief Corps, New Bedford, Mass., Dec. 19, 1939. Great Britain.....	11,240.90	8,406.68	2,403.09	1,475.93	None	431.13
The Greek Fur Workers Union, Local 70, New York, N. Y., Dec. 21, 1940. Greece.....	9,804.56	7,000.00	2,749.73	None	None	54.83
Greek War Relief Association, Inc., New York, N. Y., Nov. 18, 1940. Greece.....	1,991,962.58	1,750,345.00	183,198.04	45,266.41	None	58,419.54
Hadassah, Inc., New York, N. Y., Nov. 15, 1939. Palestine.....	1,124,019.36	854,114.75	222,762.41	70,731.49	\$1,023.15	47,142.20
Hamburg-Bremen Steamship Agency, Inc., New York, N. Y., Mar. 21, 1940. Germany, Poland, France, Belgium, Denmark, Norway, Luxemburg, and the Netherlands.....	285,290.48	238,157.79	None	None	None	63,686.14
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 30, 1940. Great Britain.....	123,284.06	None	105,436.43	None	None	17,847.63
Hebrew Christian Alliance of America, Chicago, Ill., Jan. 3, 1940. England, Germany, Poland, France, and Italy.....	3,920.84	3,625.00	None	None	None	295.84
A. Seymour Houghton, Jr., et al., New York, N. Y., Nov. 27, 1939. France.....	20,200.03	14,075.34	5,943.31	773.05	None	181.38
Humanitarian Work Committee, Glen Cove, N. Y., Sept. 30, 1939. Poland.....	2,723.91	3,210.00	438.06	185.00	None	75.85
Independent British War Relief Society of Rhode Island, Greenwood, R. I., June 14, 1940. Great Britain.....	3,466.49	1,795.30	1,651.59	2,025.00	None	19.60
Independent Kinsker Aid Association, New York, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1940. Poland.....	974.82	None	974.82	None	None	None
International Children's Relief Association, New York, N. Y., Oct. 1, 1940. Great Britain.....	None	None	None	None	None	None
International Committee of Young Men's Christian Associations, New York, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1939. All belligerent countries.....	168,712.13	64,281.74	96,106.07	None	None	8,324.32
International Federation of Business and Professional Women, Wheeling, W. Va., July 5, 1940. Poland, Czechoslovakia, Norway, Belgium, France, and the Netherlands.....	73.00	73.00	None	None	None	None
International Relief Association for Victims of Fascism, New York, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1939. France, England, and Germany.....	12,874.04	8,566.06	None	2,020.00	None	4,307.98
Isthmian Pro-British Aid Committee, Ancon, C. Z., Sept. 20, 1940. England.....	280.65	None	262.05	None	None	18.60
Joint Committee of the United Scottish Clans of Greater New York and New Jersey, Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 30, 1940. Scotland.....	9,537.92	6,051.00	2,046.61	None	None	1,440.31

¹ The registration of this organization was revoked on Jan. 27, 1941, at the request of registrant.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
Junior Relief Group of Texas, Houston, Tex., May 29, 1940. United Kingdom, France, Netherlands, Belgium, and Norway.....	\$11,842.10	\$10,000.00	\$156.02	None	None	\$1,686.08
Marthe Th. Kahn, New York, N. Y., Apr. 16, 1940. France.....	232.25	25.00	198.60	None	None	8.56
The Kindergarten Unit, Inc., Norwalk, Conn., Oct. 3, 1939. France, Poland, United Kingdom, India, Australia, and New Zealand.....	1,222.21	892.85	None	None	None	329.36
The Kosciuszko Foundation, Inc., New York, N. Y., May 24, 1940. Poland.....	5,544.25	7,781.20	None	None	None	504.53
The Kyffhaeuser, League of German War Veterans in U. S. A., Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 27, 1939. Poland, Germany, Canada, and Jamaica.....	78,464.55	66,667.05	2,641.85	\$8,822.11	None	9,155.65
Lackawanna County Committee for Polish Relief, Scranton, Pa., Sept. 15, 1939. Poland.....	8,925.72	7,225.56	868.36	None	None	831.80
Ladies Auxiliary of the Providence Branch of the Federation of the Italian World War Veterans in the United States, Providence, R. I., Oct. 1, 1940. Italy. LaFayette Preventorium, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 21, 1939. France.....	5,739.98	5,715.53	24.45	None	None	None
La France Post, American Legion, New York, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1940. France, Great Britain, and Greece.....	20,847.47	8,647.13	7,629.41	None	None	4,576.93
Mrs. Nancy Bartlett Laughlin, New York, N. Y., Jan. 31, 1940. France.....	1,585.32	1,040.00	159.53	None	None	385.79
League of American Writers, Inc., New York, N. Y., May 6, 1940. France, England, Poland, and Norway. League of Polish Societies of New Kensington, Arnold, and Vicinity, New Kensington, Pa., Nov. 17, 1939. Poland.....	506.00	506.00	None	None	None	None
Legion of Young Polish Women, Chicago, Ill., Oct. 2, 1939. Poland, France, and Great Britain.....	3,204.79	1,917.22	None	15.18	None	1,287.57
Liberty Link Afghan Society, Detroit, Mich., Dec. 17, 1940. Great Britain.....	2,942.19	1,498.24	1,007.24	2,400.00	None	436.71
Lithuanian National Fund, Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 14, 1940. Germany and France.....	16,308.43	10,433.21	3,075.68	None	None	2,799.54
The Little House of Saint Pantaleon, Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 30, 1939. France and England.....	60.10	None	60.10	None	None	None
The Maple Leaf Fund, Inc., New York, N. Y., Apr. 19, 1940. Canada, United Kingdom, and France.....	221.98	200.00	5.98	None	None	16.00
Medical and Surgical Supply Committee of America, New York, N. Y., Aug. 5, 1940. Poland, Great Britain, France, Netherlands, Norway, Luxemburg, Belgium, and Greece.....	31,326.74	31,222.33	68.15	22,863.74	69.05	36.26
Mennonite Central Committee, Akron, Pa., Feb. 13, 1940. Great Britain, Poland, Germany, France, and Canada.....	115,881.24	30,585.10	54,937.60	139,033.61	None	30,358.54
Methodist Committee for Overseas Relief, New York, N. Y., Sept. 4, 1940. France, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Norway, Belgium, the Netherlands, United Kingdom, India, Australia, Canada, Germany, Greece, and Italy.....	36,220.75	4,203.32	20,784.57	114,051.23	\$14,634.90	11,232.86
Milford, Connecticut, Polish Relief Fund Committee, Milford, Conn., Nov. 6, 1939. Poland.....	44,615.21	29,003.34	9,767.63	8,663.02	30,980.20	5,844.24
The Mobile Circle for Benefit of the Royal Navy Hospital Comforts Fund, Mobile, Ala., Sept. 18, 1940. British Isles.....	16,136.88	13,538.84	None	None	None	2,598.04
Monmouth War Relief, Red Bank, N. J., Sept. 12, 1940. England, France, and Greece.....	405.33	250.20	70.51	None	None	84.62
The Mother Church, the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, U. S. A., Boston, Mass., Apr. 25, 1940. Canada, France, and the United Kingdom.....	1,829.73	838.32	954.91	717.89	None	36.50
	2,974.92	1,342.45	845.56	702.00	None	786.91
	230,762.24	28,374.27	195,453.66	58,449.55	30,696.00	6,934.31

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
Fernanda Wanamaker Munn (Mrs. Ector Munn), New York, N. Y., Nov. 25, 1939. France and England.	\$15,614.80	\$9,360.40	\$731.04	\$7,404.39	\$105.59	\$5,523.36
Namesake Towns Committee, Inc., New York, N. Y., Jan. 6, 1941. England.	207.14	None	113.24	None	None	93.90
National Christian Action, Inc., Brooklyn, N. Y., May 23, 1940. Norway and Denmark.	1,138.41	None	294.53	None	None	843.88
National Legion Greek-American War Veterans in America, Inc., New York, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1941. Greece.	None	None	None	None	None	None
Near East Foundation, Inc., New York, N. Y., Nov. 28, 1940. Greece.	67,109.16	23,000.00	28,378.23	None	None	15,730.93
Netherlands War Relief Committee, Manila, P. I., May 27, 1940. ^a Netherlands.	4,094.87	1,253.87	2,811.50	None	None	29.50
The New Canaan Workshop, New Canaan, Conn., July 1, 1940. ¹ British Empire.	11,329.06	8,983.50	1,604.98	2,575.00	None	740.58
New Jersey Broadcasting Corporation, Jersey City, N. J., Sept. 13, 1939. Poland.	1,210.55	826.17	None	None	None	384.38
Nicole de Paris Relief Fund, New York, N. Y., July 1, 1940. France.	227.00	148.00	28.00	None	None	51.00
North Side Polish Council Relief Committee of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 5, 1939. Poland.	1,615.09	1,400.28	195.63	1,300.00	None	19.18
Norwegian Relief, Inc., Chicago, Ill., May 1, 1940. Norway.	443,535.50	71,600.00	359,530.18	None	None	12,405.32
Nowiny Publishing Apostolate, Inc., Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 26, 1939. Poland.	5,515.16	4,589.86	925.30	None	None	None
Nowy-Dworer Ladies and United Relief Association, New York, N. Y. (formerly Nowe-Dworer Ladies Benevolent Association, Inc., and United Nowy Dworer Relief Committee), Dec. 20, 1940. Poland.	2,294.09	1,231.90	692.15	None	None	370.04
Nowy Swiat Publishing Co., Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 11, 1939. Poland, France, Great Britain, and Italy.	27,873.04	26,806.29	963.36	None	None	103.39
The Order of Ahepa, Washington, D. C., Jan. 1, 1941. Greece.	70,264.25	50,000.00	20,264.25	None	None	None
Order of Scottish Clans, Boston, Mass., Jan. 25, 1940. Scotland.	8,771.75	3,377.00	5,394.75	None	None	None
Over-Seas League Tobacco Fund, New York, N. Y., Aug. 19, 1940. British Empire.	67,944.70	56,023.21	None	None	None	11,921.49
The Pacific Steam Navigation Company, Cristobal, C. Z., Oct. 16, 1940. England.	350.55	337.85	None	120.00	30.00	12.70
Paderewski Fund for Polish Relief, Inc., New York, N. Y., Feb. 23, 1940. Poland and Great Britain.	123,444.09	68,500.00	20,445.00	None	None	34,499.09
Parcels for Belgian Prisoners, Washington, D. C., Nov. 12, 1940. Germany.	8,602.53	473.00	8,129.53	None	None	None
Parcels for the Forces, New York, N. Y., Oct. 9, 1940. Great Britain.	36,165.88	25,210.59	None	35.40	None	17,350.62
The Paryski Publishing Co., Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 15, 1939. Poland and Great Britain.	8,116.50	7,451.08	665.42	None	None	None
The Pawtucket and Blackstone Valley British Relief Society of Rhode Island, Pawtucket, R. I., Feb. 26, 1940. Great Britain and Germany.	14,934.36	8,529.41	5,508.59	None	None	806.36
Pelham Overseas Knitting Circle, Pelham, N. Y., Oct. 17, 1940. Scotland.	967.82	327.82	515.47	None	None	124.53
Phalanx of Greek Veterans of America, Inc., Chicago, Ill., Jan. 3, 1941. Greece.	5,821.08	None	5,302.17	None	None	218.91

^a No report for the month of January has been received from this organization.¹ No complete report for the month of January has been received from this organization.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
Polish Aid Fund Committee of Federation of Elizabeth Polish Organizations, Elizabeth, N. J., Sept. 23, 1939. * Poland and England.....	\$9,190.22	\$8,446.85	\$728.37	\$1,500.00	None	\$15.00
Polish Aid Fund Committee of St. Casimir's Roman Catholic Church of the City of Albany, New York, Albany, N. Y., Jan. 22, 1940. Poland.....	2,834.58	426.32	2,398.66	1,200.00	None	9.60
Polish-American Associations of Middlesex County, N. J., Sayreville, N. J., Jan. 22, 1940. Poland.....	1,057.05	800.00	176.23	None	None	80.82
Polish-American Citizens Relief Fund Committee, Shirley, Mass., Dec. 16, 1939. Poland.....	432.36	362.06	45.13	425.00	None	25.17
Polish-American Council, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 15, 1939. Poland.....	527,294.29	354,882.40	158,637.43	118,500.00	None	14,074.46
Polish-American Forwarding Committee, Inc., New York, N. Y., Mar. 28, 1940. Poland and Germany.....	9,999.69	6,095.51	None	None	None	4,966.54
Polish-American Volunteer Ambulance Section, Inc., (Favas), New York, N. Y., Feb. 13, 1940. France and England.....	20,482.29	20,337.55	8,974.18	270.40	None	170.56
Polish Broadcasting Corporation, New York, N. Y., Sept. 23, 1939. Poland.....	2,688.83	None	2,653.53	None	None	35.30
Polish Business and Professional Men's Club, Los Angeles, Calif., Nov. 17, 1939. Poland.....	474.50	314.23	2.00	None	None	158.27
Polish Central Committee of New London, Conn., New London, Conn., Oct. 13, 1939. Poland.....	1,503.78	1,151.64	203.57	75.00	None	148.57
Polish Central Council of New Haven, New Haven, Conn., Sept. 29, 1939. Poland.....	4,251.13	3,316.65	883.22	1,800.00	None	51.26
Polish Civic League of Mercer County, Trenton, N. J., Sept. 19, 1939. Poland.....	7,309.11	6,392.86	914.31	4,000.00	None	1.94
Polish Civilian Relief Fund, Passaic, N. J., Oct. 27, 1939. Poland.....	4,460.96	3,025.00	1,184.54	None	None	251.42
Polish Falcons Alliance of America, Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 20, 1939. Poland.....	12,172.97	11,602.23	550.74	None	None	20.00
Polish Inter-Organization "Centrals" of Waterbury, Waterbury, Conn., Feb. 28, 1940. Poland.....	742.25	607.76	108.99	None	None	25.50
Polish Literary Guild of New Britain, Conn., New Britain, Conn., Sept. 21, 1939. Poland.....	3,211.09	2,000.00	1,198.09	None	None	18.00
Polish National Alliance of the United States of North America, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 27, 1939. Poland.....	313,386.93	288,165.00	53,052.03	None	None	2,169.90
Polish National Council of Montgomery County, Amsterdam, N. Y., Oct. 12, 1939. Poland.....	4,508.17	2,960.00	1,435.71	8,000.00	None	112.46
Polish National Council of New York, New York, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1939. France and Poland.....	106,332.95	89,991.05	2,860.25	392,463.00	\$158,669.00	13,481.65
The Polish Naturalization Independent Club, Worcester, Mass., Sept. 20, 1939. Poland and England.....	4,577.38	4,125.00	429.53	None	None	22.85
Polish Relief of Carteret, N. J., Carteret, N. J., Oct. 11, 1939. Poland.....	1,440.42	800.00	627.42	45.00	None	13.00
Polish Relief Committee of Boston, Boston, Mass., Sept. 14, 1939. Poland.....	9,610.99	7,201.19	1,983.17	2,600.00	None	426.63
Polish Relief Committee of Brockton, Mass., Brockton, Mass., Sept. 25, 1939. Poland.....	1,956.31	1,236.27	472.37	350.00	None	247.67
Polish Relief Committee of Cambridge, Mass., Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 16, 1939. Poland.....	2,959.69	1,642.30	917.22	600.00	None	400.17
Polish Relief Committee of Chester and Delaware County (formerly Chester, Delaware Co., Pa., Polish Relief Committee), Chester, Pa., Sept. 15, 1939. Rumania, Switzerland, and England.....	8,357.06	6,871.61	791.41	1,960.00	None	694.04
Polish Relief Committee of Columbia County, Hudson, N. Y., Mar. 15, 1940. Poland.....	None	None	None	None	None	None
Polish Relief Committee of Delaware, Wilmington, Del., Sept. 22, 1939. Poland.....	8,576.19	7,530.08	804.47	4,850.00	250.00	241.64
Polish Relief Committee, Detroit, Mich., Sept. 11, 1939. Poland, Germany, Switzerland, Rumania, Hungary, and Scotland.....	162,971.06	108,646.73	47,796.16	62,974.00	None	6,528.17

* No report for the month of January has been received from this organization.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

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Polish Relief Committee of Fitchburg, Fitchburg, Mass., Mar. 29, 1940. Poland	\$749.80	\$460.40	\$248.31	\$130.00	None	\$41.00
Polish Relief Committee, Flint, Mich., Sept. 18, 1939. Poland	6,798.13	5,171.64	188.51	416.45	\$25.65	1,437.98
Polish Relief Committee of Holyoke, Mass., Holyoke, Mass., Nov. 4, 1939. Poland	7,081.79	5,910.56	962.88	775.00	None	208.35
Polish Relief Committee of Jackson, Mich., Jackson, Mich., Nov. 9, 1939. Poland	1,849.10	649.60	906.06	750.00	None	233.44
Polish Relief Committee, New Bedford, Mass., Oct. 31, 1939. Poland	11,127.14	7,867.27	2,296.53	4,350.00	None	963.34
Polish Relief Committee of Philadelphia and Vicinity, Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 12, 1939. Poland	50,576.53	47,054.98	2,584.46	None	None	937.09
Polish Relief Committee of the Polish National Home Association, Lowell, Mass., Nov. 27, 1939. Poland	2,876.54	1,840.00	551.76	None	None	484.73
Polish Relief Committee, Taunton, Mass., Dec. 13, 1939. Poland	3,007.92	2,757.00	225.75	1,375.00	None	25.17
Polish Relief Fund of Fall River, Mass., Fall River, Mass., Nov. 8, 1939. Poland	1,375.50	1,252.00	82.15	None	None	41.44
Polish Relief Fund, Jersey City, N. J., Sept. 12, 1939. Poland	62,687.57	53,510.95	7,173.69	1,575.00	None	2,002.93
Polish Relief Fund, Jewett City, Conn., Oct. 3, 1939. Poland	1,688.70	1,445.90	4.13	900.00	None	238.67
Polish Relief Fund of Meriden, Meriden, Conn., Oct. 12, 1939. Poland	1,806.69	1,500.00	278.70	None	None	27.90
Polish Relief Fund, Middletown, Conn., Sept. 23, 1939. Poland	4,890.34	3,136.37	1,735.77	None	None	18.20
Polish Relief Fund, Niagara Falls, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1939. Poland	2,615.32	2,500.00	244.52	None	None	70.80
Polish Relief Fund of Palmer, Mass., Three Rivers, Mass., Oct. 20, 1939. Poland	1,823.90	620.46	981.14	4,004.95	None	222.30
Polish Relief Fund of Syracuse, N. Y., and Vicinity, Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 31, 1939. Poland	12,451.38	8,869.00	1,069.49	1,830.00	None	2,512.89
Polish Relief Fund Committee, Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 13, 1939. Poland	829.61	488.00	141.05	150.00	None	200.56
Polish Relief Fund Committee of Milwaukee, Wis., Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 25, 1939. Poland	20,713.53	15,232.72	4,354.29	11,607.40	500.00	1,126.52
Polish Relief Fund Committee of Passaic and Bergen Counties, Inc., Passaic, N. J., Sept. 22, 1939. Poland	14,059.12	11,012.01	1,269.97	4,008.00	None	1,777.14
Polish Union of the United States of North America, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Sept. 8, 1939. Poland	2,317.34	2,150.00	167.34	None	None	None
Polish United Societies of Holy Trinity Parish, Lowell, Mass., Sept. 20, 1939. Poland	4,085.32	2,916.31	1,000.30	1,240.00	None	168.71
Polish War Sufferers Relief Committee (Fourth Ward), Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 21, 1939. Poland	6,692.93	6,428.78	147.06	None	None	117.09
Polish Welfare Council, Schenectady, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1939. Poland	6,276.86	5,260.35	959.10	6,150.00	None	57.32
Polish White Cross Club of West Utica, Utica, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1939. Poland and England	8,056.11	5,317.65	2,187.25	1,800.00	None	551.21
Polish Women's Fund to Fatherland, Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 23, 1939. Poland	5,852.44	3,175.40	1,979.70	2,660.00	150.00	697.34
Polish Women's Relief Committee, New York, N. Y., Nov. 24, 1939. France, Poland, and Germany	8,915.70	3,695.73	2,474.27	2,068.80	None	2,745.79
Polski Komitet Ratunkowy (Polish Relief Fund), Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1939. Poland, England, and Switzerland	4,267.04	3,468.96	441.42	1,215.00	None	356.66
Pulaski Civic League of Middlesex County, N. J., South River, N. J., Sept. 30, 1939. Poland	639.29	None	554.29	None	None	85.00
Pulaski League of Queens County, Inc., Jamaica, N. Y., Oct. 21, 1939. Poland	7,862.55	7,400.00	290.41	None	None	172.15
Queen Wilhelmina Fund, Inc., New York, N. Y., May 17, 1940. Netherlands, France, Poland, United Kingdom, India, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, Union of South Africa, Norway, Belgium, Luxemburg, and Germany	383,064.85	184,291.55	167,308.25	None	None	31,465.06

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

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Refugees of England, Inc., New York, N. Y., July 12, 1940.* Great Britain, France, and French Cameroons.	\$57,307.71	\$23,465.15	\$19,506.81	\$8,700.94	\$650.00	\$14,335.75
Relief Agency for Polish War Sufferers, Willimantic, Conn., Sept. 29, 1939. Poland	3,441.83	2,236.93	991.74	716.46	None	213.16
Relief Committee of United Polish Societies, Chicopee, Mass., Oct. 21, 1939. Poland	8,512.62	7,859.56	653.06	2,560.00	None	None
Relief for French Refugees in England, Washington, D. C., Dec. 26, 1939. France and Great Britain	21,994.98	17,379.05	3,744.14	6,101.35	568.40	871.79
Relief Fund for Sufferers in Poland Committee, Kenosha, Wis., Sept. 25, 1939. Poland	4,409.15	3,884.70	158.39	1,250.00	None	366.06
Relief Society for Jews in Lublin, Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 13, 1939. Poland	948.08	175.00	478.26	None	None	294.82
Royal Air Force Benevolent Fund of U. S. A., Inc., New York, N. Y., Nov. 26, 1940. Great Britain	3,698.03	2,700.00	531.37	None	None	466.66
Russian Children's Welfare Society, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 29, 1939. Germany, France, and Poland	11,781.57	8,296.92	926.91	1,166.20	3,766.75	2,557.74
St. Andrews (Scottish) Society of Washington, D. C., Washington, D. C., June 18, 1940. Scotland	1,346.92	831.31	293.90	None	None	221.71
Saints Constantine and Helen Greek Orthodox Church, Washington, D. C., Dec. 23, 1940. Greece	5,487.43	5,000.00	487.43	None	None	None
St. Stephens Polish Relief Fund of Perth Amboy, N. J., Perth Amboy, N. J., Sept. 27, 1939. Poland	2,992.66	None	2,992.66	None	None	None
The Salvation Army, New York, N. Y., May 23, 1940.* England, France, Norway, Belgium, and the Netherlands	208,347.76	184,723.78	21,841.62	52,402.00	None	1,782.36
Save the Children Federation, Incorporated, New York, N. Y., Sept. 8, 1939. Poland, England, Belgium, and the Netherlands	233,553.25	167,338.81	9,820.89	None	None	56,393.55
Schuylkill and Carbon Counties Relief Committee for Poland, Frackville, Pa., Sept. 15, 1939. Poland	6,247.24	5,705.71	496.53	None	None	45.00
Scots' Charitable Society, Boston, Mass., May 9, 1940. Scotland	1,107.96	1,000.00	107.96	None	None	None
Scottish Clans Evacuation Plan, Port Washington, N. Y., Nov. 19, 1940. Great Britain	6,844.34	5,975.90	531.16	None	None	337.28
Le Secours Français, New York, N. Y., Sept. 11, 1940. France and possessions	20,736.87	7,329.56	5,217.52	128.67	601.76	8,189.79
Secours Franco-Américain—War Relief, Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 20, 1939. Great Britain	2,037.28	1,662.72	246.31	2,611.10	None	128.25
The Seventh Column, Inc., West Fairlee, Vt., June 12, 1940. France and England	None	None	None	None	None	None
Share A Smoke Club, Inc., Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1939. England, France, Norway, Belgium, and the Netherlands	688.70	550.00	25.10	None	None	113.60
Sociedades Hispanas Aladas, San Francisco, Calif., Mar. 29, 1940.* France	877.72	None	171.59	None	None	706.13
Sociedades Hispanas Confederadas, Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 22, 1940. France	31,199.12	30,240.87	None	None	None	958.25
Société Française de St. Louis, Inc., St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 15, 1939. France	852.81	373.49	421.76	8.00	None	57.56
Société Israélite Française de Secours Mutuels de New York, New York, N. Y., June 4, 1940. France	367.00	200.00	155.00	None	None	12.00

* This registrant serves primarily as a clearinghouse for the distribution abroad of contributions collected by other registrants; these receipts and disbursements are not included in the figures here given, since they are shown elsewhere in this tabulation following the names of the original collecting registrants.

* No report for the month of January has been received from this organization.

* The registration of this organization was revoked on Jan. 31, 1941, at the request of registrant.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
Society of the Devotees of Jerusalem, Inc., New York, N. Y., Dec. 18, 1939. Palestine.....	\$17,220.55	\$9,400.00	\$233.84	None	None	\$7,586.71
Solidaridad Internacional Antifascista, New York, N. Y., Oct. 17, 1940. France.....	6,481.43	None	5,465.22	None	None	1,016.21
The Somerset Workroom, Far Hills, N. J., Apr. 25, 1940. France and Great Britain.....	14,986.67	8,610.72	5,191.67	\$11,421.95	\$1,727.50	1,184.28
Le Souvenir Français, Detroit, Mich., May 1, 1940. France and Belgium.....	73.00	None	69.00	None	None	4.00
Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign, New York, N. Y., Sept. 20, 1939. France.....	39,266.15	13,934.58	757.03	16,486.00	None	24,574.54
Springfield and Vicinity Polish Relief Fund Committee, Springfield, Mass., Sept. 23, 1939. Poland.....	1,248.40	1,100.00	94.20	None	None	54.20
Superior Council of the Society of the St. Vincent de Paul, New York, N. Y., Apr. 5, 1940. France.....	310.00	310.00	None	None	500.00	None
Miss Heather Thatcher, Hollywood, Calif., Nov. 19, 1940. Great Britain.....	2,620.50	2,600.00	None	None	None	20.50
Toledo Committee for Relief of War Victims, Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 19, 1939. Poland.....	7,297.01	5,976.07	684.26	None	None	636.68
Tolstoy Foundation, Inc., New York, N. Y., Oct. 17, 1939. France, Poland, England, and Czechoslovakia.	31,944.01	13,645.64	8,904.46	None	None	9,393.91
Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman, Bethesda, Md., Nov. 24, 1939. Great Britain.....	3,910.25	3,115.90	790.40	None	None	3.95
Edmund Tysack, Hamtramck, Mich., Sept. 19, 1939. Poland.....	3,098.46	3,073.96	24.50	None	None	None
Ukrainian Relief Committee, New York, N. Y., June 28, 1940. Germany, France, England, and Italy.....	510.51	250.46	71.16	200.00	10.00	188.89
L'Union Alsacienne, Inc., New York, N. Y., Oct. 28, 1939. France.....	2,440.40	1,400.27	463.66	315.00	None	585.47
Unitarian Service Committee of the American Unitarian Association, Boston, Mass., May 23, 1940. France, British Isles, and the Netherlands.....	46,619.95	21,975.09	14,227.76	600.00	None	10,417.10
United American Polish Organizations, South River, N. J., South River, N. J., Oct. 20, 1939. Poland.....	3,249.72	2,400.00	712.78	None	None	136.94
United Bilgorayer Relief, Inc., New York, N. Y., Mar. 21, 1940. Poland.....	1,377.97	None	1,180.28	None	None	197.69
United British Societies of Minneapolis, Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 21, 1941. Great Britain and Dominions.....	296.00	None	206.60	None	None	89.40
United British War Relief Association, Somerville, Mass., June 14, 1940. Great Britain and Northern Ireland.....	7,396.70	5,709.23	561.19	625.00	None	1,126.28
United Charity Institutions of Jerusalem, New York, N. Y., Oct. 13, 1939. Palestine.....	64,951.20	35,796.30	None	None	None	29,977.79
United Committee for French Relief, Inc., New York, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1939. France, England, and Germany.....	126,535.87	86,060.68	26,482.25	8,987.42	318.65	13,992.94
United Fund for Refugee Children, Inc., New York, N. Y., Sept. 21, 1939. Poland, France, England, and Palestine.....	7,190.60	1,124.67	160.21	None	None	5,905.81
United German Societies, Inc., Portland, Oreg., Portland, Oreg., Jan. 8, 1940. Germany.....	2,879.57	2,499.94	243.64	None	None	135.99
United Opoler Relief of New York, New York, N. Y., Dec. 9, 1939. Poland.....	889.55	None	854.64	None	None	35.21
United Polish Committees in Racine, Wis., Racine, Wis., Nov. 2, 1939. Poland.....	2,284.98	1,950.00	99.46	None	None	235.52
United Polish Organizations of Salem, Mass., Salem, Mass., Oct. 20, 1939. Poland.....	2,806.58	2,205.32	75.35	595.00	None	437.91

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RELIEF IN BELLIGERENT COUNTRIES—Continued

Name of registrant, location, date of registration, and destination of contributions	Funds received	Funds spent for relief in countries named	Unexpended balance as of Jan. 31, 1941, including cost of goods purchased and still on hand	Estimated value of contributions in kind sent to countries named	Estimated value of contributions in kind now on hand	Funds spent for administration, publicity, affairs, campaigns, etc.
United Polish Societies of Bristol, Conn., Bristol, Conn., Sept. 29, 1939. Poland.....	\$1,226.85	\$576.80	\$623.30	\$300.00	None	\$26.75
United Polish Societies of Los Angeles, Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 21, 1939. Poland.....	3,021.78	2,562.10	104.20	None	None	355.48
United Reading Appeal for Polish War Sufferers, Reading, Pa., Sept. 22, 1939. Poland and England.....	8,578.07	6,889.14	1,848.80	None	None	140.13
Universal Committee for the Defense of Democracy, New York, N. Y., Oct. 16, 1940. England and France.....	551.60	None	5.82	None	None	545.78
Mrs. Paul Verdier Fund, San Francisco, Calif., Oct. 11, 1939. France.....	4,207.41	3,897.31	None	3,282.00	None	310.10
Wellesley Club of Washington, Arlington, Va., Nov. 29, 1940. Great Britain.....	2,026.53	None	1,707.55	None	None	318.98
Woman's Auxiliary Board of the Scots' Charitable Society, Inc., Waverley, Mass., Feb. 28, 1940. Scotland.....	3,064.60	2,847.40	195.41	None	None	21.79
Women's Allied War Relief Association of St. Louis, Clayton, Mo., Dec. 18, 1939. Great Britain and France.....	14,204.97	9,492.36	4,260.08	11,814.94	None	452.53
Registrants whose registrations were revoked prior to Jan. 1, 1941, and who had no balance on hand as of that date.....	546,004.91	449,829.88	None	1,343,591.16	None	99,343.62
Total.....	23,519,852.43	16,021,237.58	5,276,526.76	4,693,275.83	\$382,687.52	2,253,475.43

* It is not possible to strike an exact balance in these published totals, since some registrants have included in their expenditures moneys available from loans or advances, which are not considered by the Department to be "funds received" and hence are not reported as such.

American Republics

COLLABORATION WITH MEXICO ON PLANS FOR COMMON DEFENSE

[Released to the press March 5]

In pursuance of the declaration with reference to mutual assistance and cooperation in defense of the two continents, which was drawn up in Habana on July 31, 1940 on the occasion of the second consultative meeting of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the American republics, the Governments of Mexico and the United States of America have agreed to an exchange of views in order to coordinate suitably the progress of their common defense.

With this purpose in view, the Government of Mexico has instructed the military, naval, and

air attachés of the Mexican Embassy in Washington to discuss with the experts designated by the Government of the United States the plans relating to the assistance which the two countries would render to each other in the event of an aggression against either of them.

In the conversations which are now in progress in Washington, for the purpose indicated above, representatives of both countries will study the manner of carrying out the collaboration in question, observing always the greatest regard for the principle of the national sovereignty of the two states.

GRANT TO THE UNITED STATES OF DEFENSE SITES IN PANAMA

[Released to the press March 6]

The following statement was made by the Secretary of State:

"I was most gratified, as will be all the people of this country as well as those of our sister republics in this hemisphere, to learn from the manifesto issued yesterday by the Panamanian Government that Panama will make available immediately to our military authorities certain sites in the Republic of Panama which are considered essential for the protection and security of the Panama Canal. In taking this action,

Panama has shown that the spirit of partnership in the defense of the Canal, which is one of the fundamentals of the General Treaty between the two countries ratified in 1939, is a tangible and practical thing.

"In accordance with the manifesto, our military authorities will proceed immediately to the preliminary preparation of these defense sites. I am confident that the negotiations which are now in progress with regard to the details involved will be worked out to the mutual satisfaction of both our Governments."

The Far East

MESSAGE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO PARTICIPANTS IN THE FAR EASTERN LECTURE SERIES¹⁰

[Released to the press March 5]

Almost from the very commencement of this country's life, our people have had continuing and important contact with the Far East.

It was in 1784, over one hundred and fifty years ago, that a small vessel named the *Empress of China*, out of New York, appeared at the mouth of the Pearl River below Canton, China, flying a flag which was strange to that region. The flag was that of the new American Republic which had proclaimed its independence but a few years before. Our first treaty with any country of the Far East was that concluded in the year 1833 with Siam, now called Thailand. The part played by the United States in bringing about the establishment, in the middle of the nineteenth century, of normal international relationships between Japan and the rest of the world is well-known.

¹⁰Read by Mr. Maxwell M. Hamilton, Chief, Division of Far Eastern Affairs, Department of State, to the participants in the Far Eastern Lecture Series, Washington, D. C., March 5, 1941.

American interests in the Far East, as they have developed through the years, have been many-sided in character: philanthropic, cultural, and commercial. American missionaries, who in the early years of the nineteenth century found their way to the Far East and established churches, schools, and hospitals, forged strong bonds between the people of the United States and the peoples of the Far East. American travelers have gone to the Far East as tourists, students, and writers; and many students from the countries of the Far East have been educated in American schools and colleges. The Far East has become an important market for American products—cotton, tobacco, petroleum, automobiles, machinery, etc.—while this country has come to draw from the Far East commodities of basic importance to the economic and social life of this Nation—quinine, camphor, silk, tea, tin, tung oil, rubber, tungsten, to mention but a few.

The development of means of communication has brought us very close to the Far East.

The fast ocean liner, the telegraph, the radio-telephone, the airplane, have so contracted the space in which we live and move that the countries of the Far East, which not long ago were far distant, are now in a very real sense our neighbors. We can speak with them in a moment, send telegrams to them in an hour, and even write to or visit them within a few days.

The policy of this country toward the countries of the Far East, as toward countries in all parts of the world, has been and is based upon the fundamental beliefs and attitudes of our people as a whole. The early settlers came to this continent in order to find and to enjoy greater opportunities. Our forefathers believed strongly—as do we—in equality of opportunity and in the worth of the individual. They believed also—as do we—in the regulation of human contacts by peaceful processes. This country has sought through its foreign policy to give expression to these beliefs.

In our relations with the Far East as elsewhere this country has had two main ends in view: The promotion and protection of legitimate American rights and interests on the basis of respect for the legitimate rights and interests of other countries; and the furtherance of peaceful and mutually beneficial relations among the members of the family of nations. In seeking to attain these ends, this country has favored equality of opportunity, respect for national sovereignty, and faithful observance of treaties as the bases of a really durable international order.

Our relations with the Far East have brought, along with benefits, problems that have arisen from time to time. In the recent period, during most of the last 10 years, two countries of that region have unhappily been engaged in political and military conflict. Still more recently, the area of conflict has been spreading to neighboring regions.

At such a time, there is great need for informed and intelligent discussion of Far Eastern questions of the kind which, I am sure, your Lecture Series will provide. A broad,

calm, and reasoned approach to those questions—social and cultural as well as economic and political—will, I think, assist in furthering understanding of the relationships between this country and the countries of the Far East and of our deep and natural concern in the problems of that area. I am happy to send a word of greeting and of best wishes to the organizers of and the participants in the Far Eastern Lecture Series which is opening today.

CORDELL HULL

The Near East

SUSPENSION OF TONNAGE DUTIES FOR VESSELS OF IRAN

A proclamation (no. 2462) providing that "the foreign discriminating duties of tonnage and imposts within the United States" be "suspended and discontinued so far as respects the vessels of Iran and the produce, manufactures, or merchandise imported in said vessels into the United States from Iran or from any other foreign country; the suspension to take effect from February 5, 1941, and to continue so long as the reciprocal exemption of vessels belonging to citizens of the United States and their cargoes shall be continued, and no longer", was signed by the President on February 27, 1941.

The text of this proclamation appears in full in the *Federal Register* of March 4, 1941 (vol. 6, no. 43), page 1229.

Publications

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Naval Mission: Agreement Between the United States of America and Ecuador—Signed December 12, 1940; effective December 12, 1940. Executive Agreement Series No. 188. Publication 1553. 9 pp. 5¢.

Cultural Relations

VISIT OF DISTINGUISHED LEADERS FROM OTHER AMERICAN REPUBLICS

[Released to the press March 8]

During the next two months distinguished leaders in the arts and sciences from Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, and Uruguay will visit the United States for a period of travel and observation lasting from two to three months. During this time they will meet and confer with educators in this country interested in their particular fields. Ten such persons have already visited the United States on similar trips.

The visitors are coming to this country at the invitation of the Department of State.

From Argentina there will be three visitors: Dr. Enrique Martinez Paz, Dr. Enrique de Gandía, and Dr. Josué Gollán. Dr. Martinez Paz will arrive in New York on the S.S. *Argentina* on March 10 and will be accompanied by his wife. Dr. Martinez Paz is a distinguished Argentine historian and lawyer and is a resident of Córdoba. He has taught for many years in the University of Córdoba, where he served as Dean of the Faculty of Law. He has also been a member of the Superior Court of Justice of the Province of Córdoba. In addition to his duties as a professor of law Dr. Martinez is the author of numerous studies in the fields of sociology, politics, and law. Although plans for Dr. Martinez' itinerary in the United States have not been completed, it is probable that he will visit the University of Pennsylvania, the Academy of Political Science, and similar institutions in Washington and New York.

Dr. Enrique de Gandía will arrive in New York on March 24 on the S.S. *Brazil*. Dr. de Gandía is an Argentine historian who is the author of some 50 historical works and monographs. He is also an active contributor to the

Argentine and foreign press. He is Director and Administrator of *El Monitor de la Educación Común* (organ of the National Council of Education), and was delegate of the National Council of Education to the Twenty-fifth International Congress of Americanists at La Plata.

Dr. Josué Gollán, an eminent chemist and educator, will arrive in New York on the S.S. *Uruguay* on April 7. Dr. Gollán has studied in Europe and has served as Dean of the Faculty of Pharmacy of the Universidad del Litoral in Santa Fé. At the present time he is Rector of the University. He is also the author of a number of works in the field of chemistry.

From Brazil the three visitors arriving in the United States will be: Dr. Pedro Calmón, Dr. A. C. Pacheco e Silva, and Dr. Jorge Americano.

Dr. Pedro Calmón expects to arrive in the United States about the middle of March. Dr. Calmón is a Brazilian lawyer, writer, and professor. He is a former Deputy from the State of Bahia, is the editor of several newspapers, and at present is a practicing attorney in Rio de Janeiro. Dr. Calmón is also the author of a large number of important historical studies on Brazil.

Dr. Pacheco e Silva is expected to arrive on April 7 on the S.S. *Uruguay*. He has had a distinguished professional career as Professor of the Psychiatric Clinic of the Medical School of the University of São Paulo and of the Paulista School of Medicine, and has served as Professor of Social Sciences of the School of Sociology and Politics of São Paulo, as well as being Director of the Sanatorio Pinel at Pirituba. Dr. Pacheco e Silva also has had the distinction of serving as President of the União Cultural Brasil-Estados Unidos; as State Deputy; as President of the Medical and

Surgery Society of São Paulo; and as Chairman of the Department of General Culture of the Paulista Medical Association.

Dr. Jorge Americano will also arrive on April 7 and has expressed his desire to have his itinerary include visits to Harvard, Yale, Columbia, Princeton, Pennsylvania, and Chicago Universities. He also hopes to meet judges and members of bar associations in the United States. Dr. Americano served as State Deputy and was Attorney General of the Republic for the local federal district from 1928 to 1930. In 1933 he was appointed Professor of Civil Law of the University of São Paulo and subsequently became Director of the Faculty of Law of the University as well as its Vice Rector and Acting Rector. He has published numerous works during the past 15 years in the field of law.

From Chile Dr. Domingo Amunátegui y Solar plans to arrive on board the S.S. *Santa Elena* on March 10, accompanied by his wife and daughter. Dr. Amunátegui is considered one of the most eminent historians of South America. His works are numerous and are of great social and historical importance. In the Government of Chile, Dr. Amunátegui has served as Minister of Justice and Public Instruction and also as Minister of the Interior. He was also a professor in the Faculty of Philosophy in the University of Chile, and later became Dean of the same Faculty and subsequently Rector of the University of Chile.

From Colombia Dr. Roberto Cortázar will

sail from Barranquilla on March 11 on the S.S. *Quirigua* and will arrive in New York on March 19. Dr. Cortázar has served as Professor of Latin Syntax and of Greek in the Colegio del Rosario for a period of 18 years. Many of the persons who now direct the public administration of Bogotá have been his students. He has been Secretary of the Academy of History for many years, and at one time occupied the post of Chief of Departmental Public Instruction in Cundinamarca. Dr. Cortázar is the author of numerous works and has translated various books from English into Spanish.

From Uruguay the Department of State has invited Señor Acosta y Lara and Señor Zorrilla de San Martín, both of whom are due to arrive in New York on April 7. Señor Acosta y Lara was Dean of the Faculty of Architecture of the University of Montevideo for several years and was Uruguayan delegate to the International Congress of Architecture held in Rome. He was recently appointed President of the Council of Secondary Education.

Señor Zorrilla de San Martín is a distinguished sculptor and painter. He has been honored for his sculptures at expositions both in Paris and in Buenos Aires. In 1940 he was appointed Director of the National Fine Arts Museum. While in the United States Señor Zorrilla de San Martín hopes to have the opportunity to lecture in American universities on the subject of South American sculpture and painting.

VISIT OF EDITORS AND SCHOLARS TO OTHER AMERICAN REPUBLICS

A group of twelve American editors and scholars sailed from New York on February 28, as guests of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, for a two months' visit to other American republics. The purpose of the trip, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of the Endowment, said, is to "offer the group an opportunity to increase their knowledge of Latin America, to exchange informa-

tion and opinions with colleagues there, and to bring back to their professional work fresh impressions gained in this way".

Members of the party are: Dr. Harold M. Benjamin, Dean of the University of Maryland, College Park, Md.; Dr. Donald D. Brand, Head of Department of Anthropology, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, N. M.; W. Earl Hall, Editor, *Mason City Globe-*

Gazette, Iowa; William H. Hessler, Editorial and Foreign-News Writer, *Cincinnati Enquirer*, Ohio; Prof. Samuel Dale Myres, Jr., Director, Institute of Public Affairs, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Tex.; Clarence Poe, Editor, *The Progressive Farmer*, Raleigh, N. C.; Clarence Roberts, Editor, *The Farmer-Stockman*, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Roland Hall Sharp, Latin American specialist, *The Christian Science Monitor*, Boston, Mass.; Prof. Graham Stuart, Stanford University, Palo Alto, Calif.; Dr. H. L. Walster, Dean, North Dakota Agricultural College, Fargo, N. Dak.; Malcolm W. Davis, Associate Director, Division of Intercourse and Education, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, New York, N. Y.; and Lee Morrison, Columbia University Press, Executive Secretary for the tour.

The group plans to proceed via the west coast of South America to Valparaiso. From March 20 to March 25 they will be in Santiago, Chile, and from March 27 to April 1 in Buenos Aires, Argentina. After visiting Montevideo, Uruguay, their itinerary will take them to Brazil from April 7 to April 23.

JOURNALISTIC EXCHANGES BETWEEN UNITED STATES SCHOOLS AND COLOMBIAN STUDENTS

An interesting phase in the development of cultural relations among the American republics is evidenced by the recent request of the Federation of Colombian Students, presented through the American Embassy at Bogotá, Colombia, for assistance in obtaining material for publication in the national student organ *El Estudiante*, which is published weekly and is disseminated to the leading colleges and universities of Colombia.

The request was transmitted through the Department to the following organizations: The Associated Collegiate Press, the Association of American Colleges, the American Association of Teachers of Spanish, and the Pan American League.

All of these organizations responded with offers of cooperation, and it is expected that in the near future *El Estudiante* will be receiving articles written in Spanish by American students, dealing with the general culture of the United States, and with student life and campus activities in our universities.

The Federation of Colombian Students is a newly founded organization which is nationwide in scope, and has as one of its objectives the stimulation of closer relationships among students in schools in the United States and in Colombia.

STUDENT EXCHANGE BETWEEN CHICAGO UNIVERSITY AND SÃO PAULO SCHOOL OF SOCIOLOGY AND POLITICS

The São Paulo School of Sociology and Politics in Brazil has recently made arrangements to receive a student from the University of Chicago and to pay the cost of board and lodging of the student over a period of 10 months.

In exchange the São Paulo School will send at its own expense Asst. Prof. S. A. Politi to do graduate work in the University of Chicago, where he will receive board, lodging, and tuition for approximately one year.

The school hopes to extend the plan to a large number of exchange students in the future.

The Foreign Service

CONFIRMATION OF NOMINATIONS

On March 6, 1941, the Senate confirmed the nominations of Wesley Frost, of Kentucky, now a Foreign Service officer of class I and lately Counselor of Embassy at Santiago, Chile, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Paraguay; and Pierre de L. Boal, of Pennsylvania, now a Foreign Serv-

ice officer of class I and Counselor of Embassy at México, D. F., Mexico, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Nicaragua.

On the same day, the Senate confirmed the nominations of successful candidates in the

recent Foreign Service examination, as well as that of William W. Walker, now vice consul non-career at Colón, Panama,¹¹ to be Foreign Service officers, unclassified, vice consuls of career, and secretaries in the Diplomatic Service.

The Department

APPOINTMENT OF G. HOWLAND SHAW AS ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE

[Released to the press March 4]

The Honorable G. Howland Shaw has been appointed as Assistant Secretary of State.

By a departmental order dated March 4 [No. 923], the Secretary of State has designated Mr. Shaw Fiscal and Budget Officer of the Department. As Fiscal and Budget Officer, Mr. Shaw will have supervision of the appropriations of the Department and its several activities.

By a separate departmental order [No. 924], the Secretary has charged Assistant Secretary Shaw with the administration of the Department of State and the Foreign Service and with supervision of matters relating to personnel and management, appropriations of the Department and its several activities, consular affairs, Foreign Service buildings, protocol (fiscal only), international conferences (fiscal only), and such other duties as may be assigned to him by the Secretary of State.

Mr. Shaw was also designated a member and chairman of each of the following, replacing Assistant Secretary Long in these capacities:

- The Board of Foreign Service Personnel;
- The Board of Examiners for the Foreign Service;
- The Foreign Service Officers' Training School Board.

By a departmental order dated March 4 [No. 926], Mr. Shaw was vested with the authority

to sign travel orders and approve expenditures as contemplated in the Bureau of the Budget Circular No. 355 of April 16, 1940, entitled "Promulgation of Certain Amendments to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, As Amended".

APPOINTMENTS OF OTHER OFFICERS

[Released to the press March 4]

The Secretary of State on March 4 designated Mr. John G. Erhardt, Foreign Service officer, Class I, to be Chief of the Division of Foreign Service Personnel, effective on that date.

Also, on March 4, Mr. Carlton Savage and Mr. Leo D. Sturgeon were designated Assistants to the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Long, and Mr. James A. White was designated Assistant to Mr. Long on legislative matters.

[Released to the press March 6]

By a departmental order issued March 5, Mr. Thomas K. Finletter was appointed a Special Assistant to the Secretary of State and assigned to the Office of the Adviser on International Economic Affairs.

Mr. Laurence C. Frank was appointed on March 4 an Executive Assistant to the Assistant Secretary of State and Budget Officer, Mr. Shaw.

¹¹ See the *Bulletin* of February 15, 1941 (vol. IV, no. 86), pp. 186-188; March 1, 1941 (vol. IV, no. 88), p. 239.

Mr. William E. DeCourcy, Foreign Service officer, class IV, was also designated on March 4 to serve as an Executive Assistant to the Assistant Secretary of State and Budget Officer, Mr. Shaw.

FUNCTIONS OF ASSISTANT SECRETARIES

[Released to the press March 4]

On March 4 the Secretary of State issued the following departmental order:

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER NO. 922

There is hereby delegated to the Assistant Secretaries of State, respectively, the supervision of functions of the Department of State as hereinafter enumerated:

Assistant Secretary Berle

Coordination of financial questions with questions of major policy.

General supervision of Canadian affairs and affairs relating to Greenland.

General supervision of the following units of the Department, including, except as otherwise provided, the signing of correspondence with respect to the work thereof: Passport Division; Division of International Conferences (except fiscal); Division of International Communications (aviation only); Division of Foreign Activity Correlation; and the Translating Bureau.

Assistant Secretary Long

Coordination of matters relating to the formulation and execution of foreign policies assigned to him by the Secretary of State.

General liaison work with the Senate and the House of Representatives and general representation of the Department of State at hearings before Congressional committees, excepting the legislative activities relating to the duties and administrative functions of the Assistant Secretary and Budget Officer.

General supervision of the following units of the Department of State, including, except as otherwise provided, the signing of correspondence with respect to the work thereof:

Visa Division; Special Division; Office of Philippine Affairs; and the Division of International Communications (except aviation).

General supervision, under the direction of the Secretary of State, of work relating to special problems arising from international armed conflicts; and of affairs relating to international fisheries problems.

Assistant Secretary Acheson

Coordination of commercial and economic questions with questions of major policy.

General supervision of the following units of the Department of State, including, except as otherwise provided, the signing of correspondence with respect to the work thereof: Division of Commercial Treaties and Agreements; Division of Controls; Treaty Division; Division of Commercial Affairs; and the Editor of Treaties.

Assistant Secretary Shaw

General supervision of the following units of the Department of State, including, except as otherwise provided, the signing of correspondence with respect to the work thereof: Office of Fiscal and Budget Affairs; Division of Personnel Supervision and Management; Division of Accounts; Division of Communications and Records; Division of Foreign Service Administration; Division of Foreign Service Personnel; Foreign Service Officers' Training School; Foreign Service Buildings Office; Division of Research and Publication; Division of Protocol (fiscal only); and Division of International Conferences (fiscal only).

It shall be understood that for budgetary purposes and in relation to expenditures of government funds, all of the divisions, offices and bureaus of the Department of State, including those specifically so indicated in this order, are subject to the fiscal supervision of the Assistant Secretary and Budget Officer.

The provisions of this order supersede the provisions of all orders or parts of orders in conflict therewith.

CORDELL HULL

Treaty Information

Compiled in the Treaty Division

EXTRADITION

SUPPLEMENTARY CONVENTION WITH GUATEMALA (TREATY SERIES 963)

The Supplementary Extradition Convention between the United States and Guatemala, signed at Guatemala City on February 20, 1940, was proclaimed by the President on March 3, 1941. The Senate gave its advice and consent to ratification of the Supplementary Convention on November 26, 1940, and the President ratified it on December 20, 1940. Ratifications were exchanged at Guatemala City on February 6, 1941. Publication of the Supplementary Convention by Guatemala in accordance with its laws was made on February 18, 1941. In accordance with the terms of article IV the Supplementary Convention will come into force on March 13, 1941, ten days after publication by the country last publishing, which, in respect of this convention, is the United States.

The convention supplements the Extradition Treaty of February 27, 1903 (Treaty Series 425), between the United States and Guatemala, of which it is made an integral part, by adding several crimes to the list of crimes and offenses for which extradition may be sought under that treaty.

ARBITRATION

TREATY FOR THE PEACEFUL SOLUTION OF CONTROVERSIES BETWEEN BRAZIL AND VENEZUELA

The American Embassy at Rio de Janeiro reported by a despatch dated February 17, 1941, that the Treaty for the Peaceful Solution of Controversies between Brazil and Venezuela, signed at Caracas on March 30, 1940, was promulgated by the Brazilian Government by Decree No. 6712 of January 15, 1941, published in the *Diario Oficial* of January 17, 1941.

SOVEREIGNTY

CONVENTION ON THE PROVISIONAL ADMINISTRATION OF EUROPEAN COLONIES AND POSSESSIONS IN THE AMERICAS

Honduras

The American Minister to Honduras transmitted to the Secretary of State with a despatch dated February 11, 1941, a copy of the *Bulletin* of the Honduran National Legislature of February 6, 1941, which published Decree No. 8, signed by the President of the Republic on December 23, 1941, ratifying the Convention on the Provisional Administration of European Colonies and Possessions in the Americas signed at Habana on July 30, 1940.

LABOR

CONVENTION CONCERNING SAFETY PROVISIONS IN THE BUILDING INDUSTRY

Mexico

The American Ambassador to Mexico reported by a despatch dated February 17, 1941, that the President of Mexico signed on December 30, 1940, a decree approving the Convention Concerning Safety Provisions in the Building Industry, adopted by the International Labor Conference at its twenty-fourth session (Geneva, June 2-22, 1938).

The records of the Department show that but one country has ratified this convention, namely, Switzerland, on May 23, 1940.

CONVENTION CONCERNING THE LIABILITY OF THE SHIPOWNER IN CASE OF SICKNESS, INJURY, OR DEATH OF SEAMEN (TREATY SERIES 951)

Mexico

The American Ambassador to Mexico reported by a despatch dated February 17, 1941,

that the *Diario Oficial* (no. 35, vol. cxxiv) of February 12, 1941, published a decree dated January 14, 1941, proclaiming on behalf of Mexico, the Convention Concerning the Liability of the Shipowner in Case of Sickness, Injury, or Death of Seamen, adopted by the International Labor Conference at its twenty-first session (Geneva, October 6-24, 1936).

The records of the Department show that the convention was ratified by the United States of America on October 29, 1938, and by Belgium on April 11, 1938.

FINANCE

CONVENTION FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INTER-AMERICAN BANK

Mexico

The American Ambassador to Mexico reported by a despatch dated February 17, 1941, that the *Diario Oficial* (no. 33, vol. cxxiv) of February 10, 1941, published a decree approving on behalf of Mexico the Convention for the Establishment of an Inter-American Bank, signed at Washington on May 10, 1940.

Legislation

Nonrecognition by United States of Transfer of Any Geographic Region in This Hemisphere From One Non-American Power to Another Non-American Power. (S. Rept. 76, 77th Cong., 1st sess.) 2 pp. 5¢.

Supplemental Estimate of Appropriation and an Amendment to the Budget for 1942, Department of State: Communication From the President of the United States Transmitting a Supplemental Estimate of Appropriation for the Department of State for the Fiscal Year 1941 Amounting to \$37,500; and an Amendment to the Budget for the Fiscal Year 1942 [\$37,500 for contingent expenses for 1941; \$3,139 for additional funds for the U. S. quota for the Inter-American Radio Office]. (H. Doc. 135, 77th Cong., 1st sess.) 3 pp. 5¢.

Compensation Agreed Upon [by Great Britain and the United States] for Leasing of Certain Locations To Be Used as [Naval and Air] Bases (adverse report of House Foreign Affairs Committee March 6, 1941, to accompany H. Res. 112, including text of letter dated March 5, 1941 from the Secretary of State to Representative Sol Bloom, upon which the action of the Committee was based). (H. Rept. 186, 77th Cong., 1st sess.) 2 pp. 5¢.

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